

direct violation of Article I Section 12, Article I Section 14 of the Missouri Constitution and Article 7 Section I and the 5th amendment of the constitution for the united States of America.

Duncan v. Missouri, 152 U.S. 377, 382 (1894) "Due process of law and the equal protection of the laws are secured if the laws operate on all alike, and do not subject the individual to an arbitrary exercise of the powers of government."

Butz v. Economou, 98 S. Ct. 2894 (1978); United States v. Lee, 106 U.S. at 220, 1 S. Ct. at 261 (1882) "No man [or woman] in this country is so high that he is above the law. No officer of the law may set that law at defiance with impunity. All the officers of the government from the highest to the lowest, are creatures of the law, and are bound to obey it."

The Petitioner's have notified the court of their Reservation of Rights UCC 1-308/1-207, clearly showing that the CIRCUIT COURT OF JACKSON COUNTY, MISSOURI AT KANSAS CITY operated outside of their jurisdictional powers where Denny-Ray; family of [Hardin] is concerned. Petitioner's believe that this is a clear act of "Conspiracy against Rights", "deprivation of rights under the color of law" and have claimed the remedy 15 United Statutes at large, 1868.

Ableman v. Booth, 21 Howard 506 (1859) "No judicial process, whatever form it may assume, can have any lawful authority outside of the limits of the jurisdiction of the court or judge by whom it is issued; and an attempt to enforce it beyond these boundaries is nothing less than lawless violence."

Petitioner, Denny-Ray; family of [Hardin] has requested the CIRCUIT COURT OF JACKSON COUNTY, MISSOURI AT KANSAS CITY to state their true jurisdiction

and they have refused to date to state it, knowing that to not state the true jurisdiction they have committed acts of fraud.

Piper v. Pearson, 2 Gray 120, cited in Bradley v. Fisher, 13 Wall. 335, 20 L.Ed. 646 (1872)

"Where there is no jurisdiction, there can be no discretion, for discretion is incident to jurisdiction."

Davis v. Burris, 51 Ariz. 220, 75 P.2d 689 (1938) A judge must be acting within his jurisdiction as to subject matter and person, to be entitled to immunity from civil action for his acts.

"Jurisdiction, once challenged, cannot be assumed and must be decided."

Maine v. Thiboutot, 100 S. Ct. 250

Unless the 14th Judicial Circuit Court acts within their jurisdiction, established by Rule 91.07, Petitioner's believe Constitutional Torts have been committed in this cause of action.

Wherefore, Petitioner's demand due process of law guaranteed by the 5th amendment be administered without delay required by Article I Section 14 of the Constitution of Missouri; clearly "deprivation of Rights" under the "color of law" will be established in this cause of action.

"JUSTICE DELAYED IS JUSTICE DENIED"

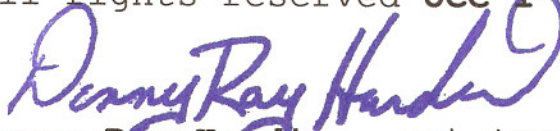
Respectfully submitted,

Signed:



Melinda-Sue;Harrington, sui juris

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Denny-Ray;Hardin, sui juris

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IN THE CIRCUIT COURT RANDOLPH COUNTY, MISSOURI

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Melinda Sue Harrington, sui juris Petitioner

Denny Ray Hardin , sui juris Petitioner
Without prejudice of rights UCC 1-308/1-207

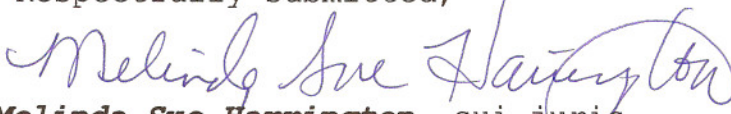
Vs Case: 10RA-CV00208

DEAN MINOR RESPONDENT

I, Melinda Sue Harrington the Power of attorney for Denny Ray Hardin certify that I have mailed a copy of the Judicial Notice of "OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE" on March 31, 2010 to

Dean Minor
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P.O. BOX 7
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Certified No.# 7009 0960 0000 9901 1089

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Missouri Attorney General
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Respectfully submitted,
Signed: 
Melinda Sue Harrington, sui juris
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